

Package: subformula (via r-universe)

September 3, 2024

Type Package

Title Create Subformulas of a Formula

Version 0.1.0

Description A formula 'sub' is a subformula of 'formula' if all the terms on the right hand side of 'sub' are terms of 'formula' and their left hand sides are identical. Creation of subformulas from a parent formula is useful in for instance model selection.

License MIT + file LICENSE

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)

RoxygenNote 6.1.1

Suggests testthat, rmarkdown, knitr, covr

VignetteBuilder knitr

URL <https://github.com/JonasMoss/subformula>,

BugReports <https://github.com/JonasMoss/subformula/issues>

Repository <https://jonasmoss.r-universe.dev>

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/jonasmoss/subformula>

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 4aa511e4fdb217bbf3e5b1cad9edf5cfc654d745

Contents

| | |
|----------------------|----------|
| fapply | 2 |
| subformula | 2 |
| Index | 4 |

| | |
|--------|----------------------------------|
| fapply | <i>Apply Formulas to a Model</i> |
|--------|----------------------------------|

Description

fapply returns a list of the same length as formulas. Each element is the result of applying model to the corresponding element of formulas.

Usage

```
fapply(formulas, model, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|--|
| formulas | a list of formulas or objects coercible to formula by <code>stats::as.formula</code> . |
| model | a function taking a <code>formula</code> as its first argument. |
| ... | additional arguments to be passed to model. |

Details

This is a member of the `apply` family. It is similar to `lapply`, but handles the `call` slightly differently. This makes the output prettier.

Value

fapply returns a list of evaluated function calls.

Examples

```
formulas = subformula(mpg ~ cyl + disp, protected = ~ cyl)
fapply(formulas, lm, data = mtcars) # Pretty output.
lapply(formulas, lm, data = mtcars) # Less pretty output.
```

| | |
|------------|------------------------------|
| subformula | <i>Calculate Subformulas</i> |
|------------|------------------------------|

Description

A formula sub is a subformula of formula if (i) all the terms on the right hand side of sub are terms of formula and (ii) their left hand sides are identical. subformula finds every subformula of formula that contains each term in protected.

Usage

```
subformula(formula, protected = NULL, data = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|---|
| formula | an object of class " formula " (or one that can be coerced to that class via formula). |
| protected | a vector or formula specifying which covariates are <i>protected</i> . Protected formulas appear in all subformulas. |
| data | an optional data frame (or object coercible by as.data.frame to a data frame). Used to fill out formulas as <code>y ~ ..</code> |

Details

Protected terms will appear in every subformula. If the supplied formula includes the term `0` or `-1`, none of the subformulas will include the intercept. Otherwise, the intercept will be interpreted as being protected. If `formula` is coerced to a formula object, its associated [environment](#) will be `NULL`. All subformulas will inherit their `.Environment` attribute from `formula`.

Value

`subformula` returns a list of formula objects.

Examples

```
subformula(z ~ x + y)
subformula(y ~ x + y + y^2, protected = ~ x)
subformula(y ~ x + y + t + I(t^2), protected = c("x", "I(t^2)"))
```

Index

`apply`, 2

`as.data.frame`, 3

`call`, 2

`environment`, 3

`fapply`, 2

`formula`, 2, 3

`lapply`, 2

`stats::as.formula`, 2

`subformula`, 2